

Flora of the Pacific Northwest Checklist

A checklist of the Vascular Plants of the Pacific Northwest
Hosted by the University of Washington Herbarium

Family: Asphodelaceae

3 terminal taxa (species, subspecies, and varieties).

The Flora of the Pacific Northwest Checklist aims to be a complete list of the native and naturalized vascular plants of the Pacific Northwest, with current classifications, nomenclature and synonymy.

Taxa included in the checklist:

- Native taxa whether extant, extirpated, or extinct.
- Exotic taxa that are naturalized, escaped from cultivation, or persisting wild.
- Waifs (e.g., ballast plants, escaped crop plants) and other scarcely collected exotics.
- Interspecific hybrids that are frequent or self-maintaining.
- Some unnamed taxa in the process of being described.

Family classifications follow [APG IV](#) for angiosperms, PPG I (J. Syst. Evol. 54:563-603. 2016.) for pteridophytes, and Christenhusz et al. (Phytotaxa 19:55-70. 2011.) for gymnosperms, with a few exceptions. Nomenclature and synonymy at the rank of genus and below follows the [2nd Edition of the Flora of the Pacific Northwest](#) except where superceded by new information.

Accepted names are indicated with **blue type**, synonyms with gray type.

Native species and infraspecies are marked with **bold-face type**.

*Non-native and introduced taxa are preceded by an asterisk.

Please note: This is a working checklist, continuously updated. Use it at your discretion.

Created from the Flora of the PNW Checklist database on February 15th, 2026 at 2:30pm PT.

Available online at <https://burkeherbarium.org/pnwflora/>

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Monocots:

Asphodelaceae [HC2]

**Hemerocallis* [FNA26, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 324. 1753; Gen. Pl. ed. 5, 151. 1754.
daylily

**Hemerocallis fulva* (L.) L. [FNA26, HC2]

Sp. Pl., ed. 2. 1: 462. 1762.
orange daylily

Hemerocallis lilioasphodelus L. var. *fulvus* L.

This species is known in WA from a single specimen collected in Seattle. Additional documentation is needed to confirm that this species is established in the flora. FNA26: "Following an earlier European introduction from Asia, *Hemerocallis fulva* was brought to North America in the seventeenth century. This commonly cultivated daylily, the wild type, is distinguished as cultivar "?Europa" Stout and is a self-sterile triploid producing no seed. Essentially, it is a large, complex clone. Plants persist from cultivation or have arisen from root or rhizome fragments, which are capable of plant regeneration. Cultivar "?Kwanso" Regel, another ancient garden selection, persists in many areas along with the wild type and has fully doubled flowers. In eastern Asia, both diploids and triploids occur in the *H. fulva* complex and have been the basis for extensive breeding and tetraploid cultivar selection (A. B. Stout 1934)."

**Hemerocallis lilioasphodelus* L. [FNA26, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 324. 1753.
yellow daylily

This species is known from a single collection with very little contextual information. This species is considered excluded until other specimens are collected demonstrating that it is established in the flora.

**Hemerocallis minor* Mill. [HC2]

dwarf daylily