

# Washington Flora Checklist

## A checklist of the Vascular Plants of Washington State

### Hosted by the University of Washington Herbarium

#### Family: Portulacaceae

1 terminal taxa (species, subspecies, and varieties).

The Washington Flora Checklist aims to be a complete list of the native and naturalized vascular plants of Washington State, with current classifications, nomenclature and synonymy.

#### Taxa included in the checklist:

- \* Native taxa whether extant, extirpated, or extinct.
- \* Exotic taxa that are naturalized, escaped from cultivation, or persisting wild.
- \* Waifs (e.g., ballast plants, escaped crop plants) and other scarcely collected exotics.
- \* Interspecific hybrids that are frequent or self-maintaining.
- \* Some unnamed taxa in the process of being described.

Family classifications follow [APG IV](#) for angiosperms, PPG I (J. Syst. Evol. 54:563?603. 2016.) for pteridophytes, and Christenhusz et al. (Phytotaxa 19:55?70. 2011.) for gymnosperms, with a few exceptions. Nomenclature and synonymy at the rank of genus and below follows the [2nd Edition of the Flora of the Pacific Northwest](#) except where superseded by new information.

Accepted names are indicated with blue font; synonyms with black font.  
Native species and infraspecies are marked with **boldface** font.

**Please note:** This is a working checklist, continuously updated. Use it at your discretion.

Created from the Washington Flora Checklist Database on May 5th, 2024 at 4:20pm PST.  
Available online at <https://burkeherbarium.org/waflora/>

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## Dicots:

### Portulacaceae [FNA4, HC, HC2] Purslane Family

**Synonyms:** (none)

Taxonomy follows the narrow circumscription of Nyffeler and Eggli 2010.

**References:** (none)

#### *Portulaca* [FNA4, HC, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 445. 1753; Gen. Pl. ed. 5, 204. 1754.

#### *Portulaca oleracea* L. [FNA4, HC, HC2]

Sp. Pl. 1: 445.

common purslane

*Portulaca neglecta* Mack. & Bush

*Portulaca retusa* Engelm.

FNA4: "A. P. Simopoulos and N. Salem Jr. (1986) and A. P. Simopoulos et al. (1992) have shown *Portulaca oleracea* to have the highest content of omega-3 fatty acids and antioxidants of any green leafy vegetable examined to date, suggesting that common purslane should be considered for its nutritional value and not for its weediness. It has long been used as fodder and may have been present in the New World in pre-Columbian times (R. Byrne and J. H. McAndrews 1975). Currently, it is fed to poultry to reduce egg cholesterol. *Portulaca oleracea* is a highly variable species with worldwide distribution in temperate to warm regions and is the most winter-hardy of all the portulacas. It is a very aggressive weed, one of the ten most noxious weeds worldwide (J. S. Singh and K. P. Singh 1967). As such, many variants have been named (C. D. Legrand 1962) based on seed surface differences, size of seeds, or on variable characters of growth habit, leaf length, and number of stamens. Seven subspecies were recognized by A. Danin et al. (1978): subsp. *oleracea*, subsp. *impolita* Danin & H. G. Baker, subsp. *granulatostellulata* Danin & H. G. Baker, subsp. *nicaraguensis* Danin & H. G. Baker, subsp. *nitida* Danin & H. G. Baker, subsp. *papillatostellulata* Danin & H. G. Baker, and subsp. *stellata* Danin & H. G. Baker."